

December 2014

New UN websites & publications

UN in General

International Year of Soils 2015

declared by Resolution [68/232](#)

English: <http://www.fao.org/soils-2015/en>

French: <http://www.fao.org/soils-2015/fr>

Spanish: <http://www.fao.org/soils-2015/es>

The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations has been nominated to implement the IYS 2015, within the framework of the Global Soil Partnership and in collaboration with Governments and the Secretariat of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification. The IYS 2015 aims to increase awareness and understanding of the importance of soil for food security and essential ecosystem functions.



International Year of Light and Light-based Technologies 2015

declared by Resolution [68/221](#)

English: <http://www.light2015.org>

French: <http://www.lumiere2015.fr>

Spanish: <http://www.luz2015.es>

Dutch: <http://www.iyl2015.nl>

German: <http://www.jahr-des-lichts.de>

Swedish: <http://www.ljus2015.se>

This International Year has been the initiative of a large consortium of scientific bodies together with UNESCO, and will bring together many different stakeholders including scientific societies and unions, educational institutions, technology platforms, non-profit organizations and private sector partners.



International Decade for People of African Descent 2015 – 2024

declared by Resolution [68/237](#)

English: <http://www.un.org/en/events/africandescentdecade/>

French: <http://www.un.org/fr/events/africandescentdecade/>

Spanish: <http://www.un.org/es/events/africandescentdecade/>

In proclaiming this Decade, the international community is recognizing that people of African descent represent a distinct group whose human rights must be promoted and protected. Around 200 million people identifying themselves as being of African descent live in the Americas. Many millions more live in other parts of the world, outside of the African continent.



The Road to Dignity by 2030: Ending Poverty, Transforming All Lives and Protecting the Planet

http://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/5527SR_advance%20unedited_final.pdf

Calling for inclusive, agile and coordinated action to usher in an era of sustainable development for all, Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon presented the United Nations General Assembly on 4 December 2014 with an advance version of his so-called "synthesis report," which will guide negotiations for a new global agenda centred on people and the planet, and underpinned by human rights.

The synthesis report aims to support States' discussions going forward, taking stock of the negotiations on the post-2015 agenda and reviewing lessons from pursuit of the MDGs. It stresses the need to "finish the job" – both to help people now and as a launch pad for the new agenda.



UNRIC Library Backgrounder:

Post-2015 Development Agenda – Selected Online Resources

English - html: <http://www.unric.org/en/unric-library/29536>

English - pdf: http://www.unric.org/html/english/library/backgrounders/post2015_eng.pdf

French - pdf: http://www.unric.org/html/english/library/backgrounders/post2015_french.pdf

UNRIC Library Backgrounder: Development

English - html: <http://www.unric.org/en/unric-library/29535>

English - pdf: http://www.unric.org/html/english/library/backgrounders/development_eng.pdf

French - pdf: http://www.unric.org/html/english/library/backgrounders/development_french.pdf

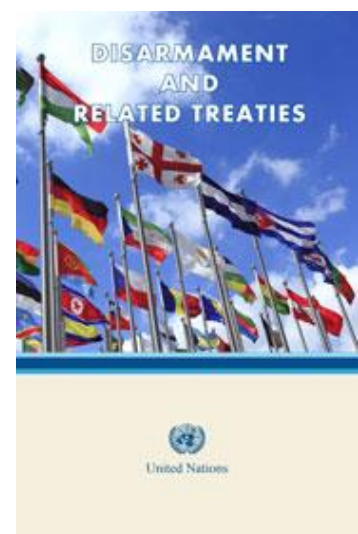
Peace and Security

Disarmament and Related Treaties

pdf version: <http://www.un.org/disarmament/publications/more/treaties/>

eBook coming soon

Treaties are essential to the maintenance of international law and order, and States depend on them to provide stability and consistency in international relations. This publication contains the text of multilateral treaties that focus on nuclear weapons, other weapons of mass destruction, conventional arms, and nuclear-weapon-free zones, all of which are essential for promoting peace and security. It also includes treaties in which disarmament and non-proliferation are important elements within a larger framework of issues, such as the Antarctic Treaty or the Agreement Governing the Activities of States on the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies. The United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs hopes this book will be a useful tool for diplomats, researchers, those in the service of States parties to the various treaties and conventions, those States not yet parties, and in promoting and furthering the universalization of these instruments.



Security Council Concept Note: Peace operations: the partnership between the United Nations and the African Union and its evolution, 16 December 2014

English, French & Spanish: <http://undocs.org/S/2014/879>

The Security Council held the open debate of the Security Council on "Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and subregional organizations: peace operations —the United Nations-African Union partnership and its evolution" on 16 December 2014. The Security Council President for the month of December, Chad, has prepared this concept note.

United Nations Peacekeeping Operations – Fact Sheet: 31 October 2014 (DPI/1634/Rev.162, November 2014)

English: <http://www.un.org/en/peacekeeping/resources/statistics/factsheet.shtml>

French: <http://www.un.org/fr/peacekeeping/resources/statistics/factsheet.shtml>

Spanish: <http://www.un.org/es/peacekeeping/resources/statistics/factsheet.shtml>

German: <http://www.unric.org/html/german/dpi1634dt.pdf>

United Nations Political and Peacebuilding Missions – Fact Sheet: 31 October 2014 (DPI/2166/Rev.136, November 2014)

English: <http://www.un.org/en/peacekeeping/documents/ppbm.pdf>

French: <http://www.un.org/fr/peacekeeping/documents/ppbmf.pdf>

German: <http://www.unric.org/html/german/dpi2166dt.pdf>

Economic & Social Development

The Business Case for Knowing Chemicals in Products and Supply Chains (UNEP)

http://www.unep.org/chemicalsandwaste/Portals/9/CiP/Documents/CiPBusinessCase_Advance.pdf

Chemicals are all around us, present in the products we use every day. The demand for increased transparency on chemicals up and down the supply chain is growing - we need to understand how and with what chemicals we are interacting. Consumers, retailers and brands all want to know more, driving companies to disclose information about the hazardous chemicals in their products and to make safer choices. Now this new report highlights the benefits to companies when they invest in an "Active Strategy" for chemicals management, one in which they proactively manage the chemicals in their products and supply chains to stay ahead of regulatory and market demands. The United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) report, prepared in collaboration with the environmental NGO Clean Production Action, was released on 15 December 2014 at the Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management (SAICM) Open-ended Working Group's meeting in Geneva, Switzerland.

Climate Change and Nuclear Power 2014 (IAEA)

<http://www-pub.iaea.org/MTCD/Publications/PDF/ccanp2014web-14869824.pdf>

The report examines the role of nuclear power in mitigating global climate change and how it contributes to other developmental and environmental challenges.

Fast-Track - Ending the AIDS epidemic by 2030 (UNAIDS)

http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/media_asset/JC2686_WAD2014report_en.pdf

The world is embarking on a Fast-Track strategy to end the AIDS epidemic by 2030. To reach this visionary goal after three decades of the most serious epidemic in living memory, countries will need to use the powerful tools available, hold one another accountable for results and make sure that no one is left behind.

Global Wage Report 2014/15: Wages and income inequality (ILO)

Report in English: <http://un4.me/1vEdSvQ>

Summary in English, French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese: <http://un4.me/1yzSI9P>



The report examines the link between wages and inequality at the household level. It shows that wages constitute the largest single source of income for households with at least one member of working age in most countries and points to changes in wages and paid employment as key factors underlying recent trends in inequality. The report also considers wage gaps between certain groups, such as those between women and men, migrants and nationals, and workers in the informal and formal economy.

Investing in Water and Sanitation: Increasing Access, Reducing Inequalities; UN-Water Global Analysis and Assessment of Sanitation and Drinking-Water GLAAS 2014 Report (UN-Water / WHO)

http://www.who.int/water_sanitation_health/publications/glaas_report_2014/en/

Access to safe drinking-water and basic sanitation is essential to human health and survival. But for many people living in low-resource settings, these vital services remain out of reach. The UN-Water GLAAS 2014 Report, Investing in Water and Sanitation: Increasing Access, Reducing Inequalities is the third biennial GLAAS report. It presents data from 94 countries, covering all MDG regions. It also includes data from 23 external support agencies (ESAs), representing over 90% of official development assistance (ODA) for sanitation and drinking-water. Since the start of GLAAS in 2008, the number of participating countries, and the amount of information collected, has grown.

Productive Jobs for Greece (ILO)

English & Greek: http://www.ilo.org/global/publications/books/forthcoming-publications/WCMS_319755/lang--en/index.htm

After six years of recession, the Greek economy is showing some signs of recovery. Yet, unemployment has reached unprecedented levels, the risk of poverty and social exclusion continues to increase and enterprise investment is too weak to lead to a sustainable employment recovery. Based on an in-depth analysis of the present situation, the report identifies emergency measures to address the most pressing needs of vulnerable groups, notably youth and jobless households. It also shows that a comprehensive strategy, involving action at the European level, would contribute to placing the Greek economy on a sustainable growth path. This encompasses, inter alia, major changes in the credit system, policies to boost productive investment and small business development, effective labour market programmes and social protection, improved school-to-work transitions and social dialogue. The report quantifies the employment effects of these policies and highlights the benefits of achieving economic and budget deficit targets in the medium term.

Socio-Economic Impacts of the Ebola Virus Disease on Africa (UNECA)

http://www.uneca.org/sites/default/files/publications/eca_ebola_report_final_eng.pdf

The overall objective is to assess the socio-economic impacts of EVD not only on the countries with widespread and intense transmission, but West Africa more widely and the continent as a whole—both the real costs as well as growth and development prospects. The study looks at the outbreak's impacts—qualitative and quantitative—endeavouring to grasp the interrelations among them by investigating mechanisms and channels of transmission, while trying to capture their size. Analysing these findings, the study offers recommendations to mitigate the disease's impacts, including building more systematic coping and response mechanisms. Despite uncertainty surrounding some of this study's estimates and analysis, they are useful for policymakers (of affected



and non-affected countries) to better understand the impacts of an EVD outbreak on socio-economic development and performance, allowing them to plan ahead and devise strategies for more resilience to EVD. The study's findings and conclusions will be updated until the crisis is over, culminating in a fully fledged evaluation once the outbreak is contained.

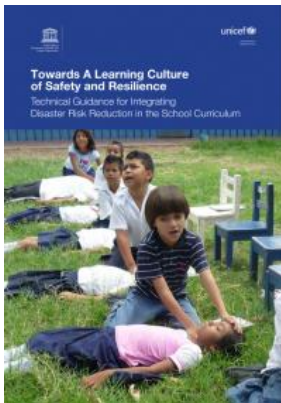
**The State of the World's Children Report 2015:
Reimagine the future: Innovation for every child (UNICEF)**

Executive Summary in English, French, Spanish, Portuguese:

http://www.unicef.org/publications/index_77928.html

Interactive online report in English, French & Spanish: <http://sowc2015.unicef.org/>

To mark the 25th anniversary of the Convention on the Rights of the Child, this edition of *The State of the World's Children* calls for brave and fresh thinking to address age-old problems that still affect the world's most disadvantaged children. The report is inspired by the work of innovators around the world – who are pushing boundaries and crafting solutions for local problems that reflect urgent global needs – towards a future in which all children can enjoy their rights. The Executive Summary features many of the elements that are highlighted in the main interactive online report, including the extraordinary stories of young innovators. It also presents key statistics on child survival, development and protection for the world's countries, areas and regions.



Towards a Learning Culture of Safety and Resilience: Technical Guidance for Integrating Disaster Risk Reduction in the School Curriculum (UNESCO/UNICEF)

pdf: <http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0022/002293/229336e.pdf>

Flipbook version: <http://www.tge.ca/DRR/>

A new guide to help Ministries integrate disaster risk reduction in school curriculums, within an Education for Sustainable Development framework, has been published by UNESCO in partnership with UNICEF on 25 November 2014. It provides appropriate teaching and learning methods for disaster preparedness. The methods suggested in the book empower and motivate learners and they support the development of a comprehensive culture of disaster resilience.

Turn Down the Heat: Confronting the New Climate Normal (World Bank Group)

<http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/2014/11/20404287/turn-down-heat-confronting-new-climate-normal-vol-2-2-main-report>

The report explores the risks worsening climate change poses to lives and livelihoods across three regions: Latin America and the Caribbean, Eastern Europe and Central Asia, and the Middle East and North Africa. Dramatic climate changes and weather extremes are already affecting people around the world, damaging crops and coastlines, and putting water security at risk. Many of the worst projected climate impacts could still be avoided by holding warming below 2°C.

UNAIDS OUTLOOK 2014: The Cities Report

English: http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/media_asset/JC2687_TheCitiesReport_en.pdf

French: http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/media_asset/JC2687_TheCitiesReport_fr.pdf



Urban areas are also home to millions of people who have fallen through the cracks of social, political and economic life. People who lack access to education, health services and prevention measures face significantly higher health risks. Under these social conditions, many diseases including HIV spread more quickly. Additionally, poor sanitation and crowding foster the spread of tuberculosis, which is the leading cause of death among people living with HIV. Cities need to address their significant disparities in access to basic services, social justice and economic opportunities. Using a Fast-Track AIDS response, cities can improve social equality for people affected by HIV and those living with the disease, while also addressing related public health challenges in new and innovative ways to prevent disease.

World Economic Situation and Prospects 2015 (DESA)

Chapter 1: *Global economic outlook & Infographic:*

<http://www.un.org/en/development/desa/policy/wesp/index.shtml>

The full report will be available in January 2015.

Global economic growth is forecast to increase marginally over the next two years. The global economy is expected to grow 3.1 per cent in 2015 and 3.3 per cent in 2016, compared with an estimated growth of 2.6 per cent for 2014. The global economy expanded during 2014 at a moderate and uneven pace. Legacies from the global financial crisis continue to weigh on growth, while new challenges have emerged, including geopolitical conflicts such as in Ukraine and the Ebola epidemic.

World Investment Report 2014: Investing in the SDGs: An Action Plan (UNCTAD)

Report in English, Overview in English, French & Spanish:

<http://unctad.org/en/pages/publicationwebflyer.aspx?publicationid=937>

This edition provides analysis on how to accelerate progress toward the MDGs and shape a long-range vision for a more sustainable future beyond 2015. The Report reveals an encouraging trend: after a decline in 2012, global foreign direct investment flows rose by 9 per cent in 2013. This demonstrates the great potential of international investment to help reach the goals of a post-2015 agenda for sustainable development. The Report offers a global action plan for galvanizing the role of businesses in achieving future sustainable development goals, and enhancing the private sector's positive economic, social and environmental impacts.

Human Rights

2014 Global report on trafficking in persons

Report in English, Executive Summary in English, French & Spanish:

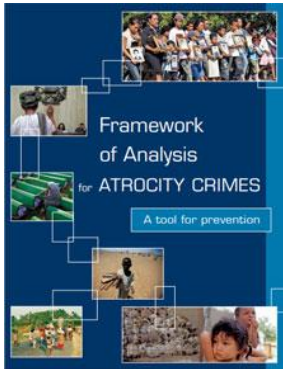
<http://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/data-and-analysis/glotip.html>

Country Profiles, Western and Central Europe: http://www.unodc.org/documents/data-and-analysis/glotip/GLOTIP14_Country_profiles_WCentral_Europe.pdf

The report released on 24 November 2014 in Vienna by the UN Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) shows that one in three known victims of human trafficking is a child - a 5 per cent increase compared to the 2007-2010 period. Girls make up 2 out of every 3 child victims, and together with women, account for 70 per cent of overall trafficking victims worldwide.

Framework of Analysis for Atrocity Crimes: A tool for prevention

<http://un4.me/1uubnft>



With much more needing to be done to prevent crises and protect populations at risk of genocide, the Framework of Analysis for Atrocity Crimes offered a route to reaching that vitally important goal, the Deputy-Secretary-General Jan Eliasson said on 11 December at the tool's official launch. "Atrocity crimes rarely happen suddenly – they often evolve and develop over time," Mr. Eliasson said. "Therefore, well before tensions escalate to violence, there are many opportunities to take action. We must all be aware of those moments and act as early as possible." The Framework was developed by the UN Office of the Special Advisers on the Prevention of Genocide and on the Responsibility to Protect. It is an analysis and risk assessment tool that uses a set of risk factors and related indicators to identify and prevent atrocity crimes.

Global status report on violence prevention 2014 (WHO / UNODC / UNDP)

Report & Infographics:

http://www.who.int/violence_injury_prevention/violence/status_report/2014/en/

The report reflects data from 133 countries and is the first report of its kind to assess national efforts to address interpersonal violence, namely child maltreatment, youth violence, intimate partner and sexual violence, and elder abuse. Jointly published by WHO, the United Nations Development Programme, and the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, the report reviews the current status of violence prevention efforts in countries, and calls for a scaling up of violence prevention programmes; stronger legislation and enforcement of laws relevant for violence prevention; and enhanced services for victims of violence.



Report on the human rights situation in Ukraine, 15 December 2014 (OHCHR)

http://www.ohchr.org/Documents/Countries/UA/OHCHR_eighth_report_on_Ukraine.pdf

With the onset of winter, more than five million people living in conflict affected areas of Ukraine are facing mounting hardship and some are struggling to survive, according to a report issued on 15 December 2014 by the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights. The breakdown in law and order as well as the violence and fighting in the eastern regions, fuelled by the inflow of heavy and sophisticated weaponry as well as foreign fighters, including from the Russian Federation, has had "a direct impact on all fundamental human rights, including the security, liberty and well-being, of individuals living there," the report says. It is the eighth in a series by the United Nations Human Rights Monitoring Mission (HRMMU) and covers the period from 1 to 30 November 2014. It details how significant damage to infrastructure, economic breakdown, and the disruption of social and medical services are particularly affecting the most vulnerable, including older people, children and individuals in state institutional care.

UNOG Library & Archives Research Guides: UN Convention against Torture (1984-2014)

<http://libraryresources.unog.ch/Torture>

This guide is designed as practical tool intended to facilitate your legal research through the most relevant, quality and reliable sources.

World Trends in Freedom of Expression and Media Development (UNESCO)

English, French & Spanish: <http://un4.me/1BokIeh>

The report offers a new look at recent evolutions in media freedom, independence, pluralism and journalist safety. These areas are explored at the international level and with respect to gender and global media. The overarching trend observed throughout is one of disruption brought on by technology and to a lesser extent the global economic crisis, with mixed results for freedom of expression and media development. The publication comes at a critical moment

for press freedom amid unprecedented opportunities for expression of new voices as well as new forms of restriction, surveillance and control. It is a key resource for governments, the media, academia, the private sector and civil society and is an essential read for anyone interested in the contemporary media environment.

Humanitarian Affairs

Global Humanitarian Overview 2015 (OCHA)

<https://docs.unocha.org/sites/dms/Documents/GHO-FINAL-web.pdf>

<http://www.humanitarianresponse.info/programme-cycle/space/programme-cycle-documents>

This report presents an overview of the humanitarian needs and requirements in those countries launching strategic response plans for 2015 in December of 2014. The report provides a financial analysis of global humanitarian funding in 2014 and projections for 2015, gives insight into people reached in 2014 and details responses planned for 2015 in: Afghanistan, Central African Republic (and regional refugee response), Democratic Republic of the Congo, Iraq, Myanmar, occupied Palestinian territories, Somalia, South Sudan (and regional refugee response), Sudan, Ukraine, Syria (and regional refugee response), Yemen. A visual presentation introducing the report can be viewed here:

<http://www.unocha.org/2015appeal/>

InfoRM - the Index for Risk Management

<http://www.inform-index.org/>

Each year millions of people dependant on agriculture, forestry and fisheries are confronted by droughts, floods, plant pests or animal diseases, and conflict. When that happens, the livelihoods of communities can be left in tatters, while disruptions to food production and distribution undermine the food security of nations and entire regions. FAO has recently teamed up with a coalition of 15 partner agencies to develop a new tool to help national governments and development and humanitarian organizations in their efforts to prevent and respond to such situations. InfoRM - the Index for Risk Management - was designed to help identify where and why crises are likely to occur. The index builds up a picture of risk by bringing together some 50 different indicators measuring three dimensions of risk: hazards and exposure of people, vulnerability of communities to those hazards, and their capacity to cope with them. This data is synthesized into a consolidated, simple risk profile for each country, which includes natural and human hazards, vulnerability and lack of coping capacity. Currently, InfoRM covers 191 countries.

World Humanitarian Data and Trends 2014 (OCHA)

<http://www.unocha.org/data-and-trends-2014/>

Using infographics, this annual publication highlights major trends in the nature of humanitarian crises, their underlying causes and drivers, and the actors that participate in prevention, response and recovery. This year, the report includes more case studies on challenges and trends in humanitarian response; for example, on the use of social media in natural disasters, urban violence, gender equality programming, mobile phone data and disaster response and remote sensing technologies. The report also builds on facts and figures from last year: did you know that in 2013 China had the most people affected by a natural disaster? And that the number of IDPs rose by 33.3 million in that year?



New information material

Single copies of the following titles can be ordered via e-mail: info@unric.org

UN Cards (70th Anniversary Edition) in Dutch.

pdf version: http://www.unric.org/html/nederlands/pdf/everydaycard_dutch.pdf

Issuu: http://issuu.com/unric/docs/everydaycard_dutch

NEW TITLES added to the library collection in December

I General Information and Reference

Chronique ONU, Volume LI, Numéro 2, 2014 :
« Le commerce illégal des espèces sauvages ». 43 p.

Factos Essenciais sobre as Nações Unidas 2014.
Nações Unidas. New York. 2014. xxi, 300 p. (DPI/2586)
Edição Portuguesa produzida por Centro Regional de Informação das Nações
Unidas (UNRIC), Bruxelas.
Online version: http://issuu.com/unric/docs/factosessenciais_web



II.D Trade, Finance and Commerce

Informe sobre los países menos adelantados, 2014: Crecimiento con transformación estructural; Una agenda para el desarrollo después de 2015. Panorama general Naciones Unidas. Nueva York y Ginebra. 2014. 27 p. (UNCTAD/LDC/2014 (Overview))
Online version: http://unctad.org/es/PublicationsLibrary/ldc2014overview_es.pdf

The Least Developed Countries Report 2014: Growth with structural transformation; A post-2015 development agenda.
United Nations. New York and Geneva. 2014. xiii, 169 p. (UNCTAD/LDC/2014)
Sales No. E.14.II.D.7. ISBN 978-92-1-112880-2.
Online version: http://unctad.org/en/PublicationsLibrary/ldc2014_en.pdf

The Least Developed Countries Report 2014: Growth with structural transformation; A post-2015 development agenda. Overview
United Nations. New York and Geneva. 2014. 23 p. (UNCTAD/LDC/2014 (Overview))
Online version: http://unctad.org/en/PublicationsLibrary/ldc2014overview_en.pdf

Rapport 2014 sur les pays les moins avancés : Croissance et transformation structurelle ; un programme de développement pour l'après-2015. Aperçu général.
Nations Unies. New York et Genève. 2014. 27 p. (UNCTAD/LDC/2014 (Overview))
Online version: http://unctad.org/fr/PublicationsLibrary/ldc2014overview_fr.pdf

Review of Maritime Transport, 2014: Report by the UNCTAD secretariat.
United Nations. New York and Geneva. 2013. xiii, 118 p. (UNCTAD/RMT/2014)
Sales No. E.14.II.D.5. ISBN 978-92-1-112878-9.
Online version: http://unctad.org/en/publicationslibrary/rmt2014_en.pdf

II.E Economic Commission for Europe (ECE)

La valeur des forêts: Le paiement des services écosystémiques dans le contexte d'une économie verte (Études de Genève sur le bois et la forêt, N° 34).

Nations Unies. New York et Genève. 2014. v, 89 p. (ECE/TIM/SP/34)
Sales No. F.14.II.E.2.

III.H United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)

Etat de la population mondiale 2014 : Le pouvoir de 1,8 milliard ; D'adolescents et de jeunes et la transformation de l'avenir.

Nations Unies. New York. 2014. v, 126 p.

Sales No. F.14.III.H.1. ISBN 978-0-89714-973-0.

Online version: http://www.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/SWOP%202014%20FRENCH_Report_WEB.pdf

State of World Population 2014: The Power of 1.8 Billion; Adolescents, Youth and the Transformation of the Future.

United Nations. New York. 2014. v, 126 p.

Sales No. E.14.III.H.1. ISBN 978-0-89714-972-3.

Online version: http://www.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/EN-SWOP14-Report_FINAL-web.pdf

III.T International Trade Centre (UNCTAD/WTO)

International Trade Forum, Issue 3, 2014. 39 p.

"The post-2015 development agenda"

Online version: <http://www.tradeforum.org/2014-03/>

XIV Human Rights (including Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights - OHCHR)

Frequently Asked Questions about the Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights
United Nations.

United Nations. New York and Geneva. 2014. V. 52 p. (HR/PUB/14/3)

Sales No. E.14.XIV.6. ISBN 978-92-1-154207-3.

Online version: http://www.ohchr.org/Documents/Publications/FAQ_PrinciplesBusinessHR.pdf

Principaux instruments internationaux relatifs aux droits de l'homme.

Nations Unies. New York et Genève. 2014. iv, 337 p. (ST/HR/3/Rev.1)

Sales No. F.14.XIV.1. ISBN 978-92-1-254177-8.

Justice transitionnelle et droits économiques, sociaux et culturels

Nations Unies. New York et Genève. 2014. iii, 65 p. (HR/PUB/13/5)

Sales No. F.14.XIV.3.

Online version: http://www.ohchr.org/Documents/Publications/HR-PUB-13-05_fr.pdf

World Health Organization (WHO)

Bulletin of the World Health Organization: Volume 92, Issue 11, November 2014, p. 773-848.

Online version: <http://www.who.int/bulletin/volumes/92/11/en/index.html>

Bulletin of the World Health Organization: Volume 92, Issue 12, December 2014, p. 849-924.

Online version: <http://www.who.int/bulletin/volumes/92/12/en/index.html>